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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/701,710	12/01/2000	Volker Schreiner	Beiersdorf 688-VMM	7950
7590 05/05/2004			EXAMINER	
Norris McLau	ighlin & Marcus P.A.	WELLS, LAUREN Q		
220 East 42nd street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
30th Floor New York, NY 10017			AKTONIT	TATER NOMBER
			1617	

DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		SCHREINER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	09/701,710 Examiner	Art Unit				
,						
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Lauren Q Wells	1617 the correspondence address				
Period for Reply	rappears on the cover sheet w	an ale correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Clafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days,  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a in. a reply within the statutory minimum of thir eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	03 February 2004.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 5-12 and 27-31 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) Claim(s) 5-12 and 27-31 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and continuous continuous.</li> </ul>	ndrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐	)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the constant of the con	·					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority docur</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority docur</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a</li> </ul>	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94t</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	-,	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 5-12 and 27-31 are pending.

Regarding the charted prosecution in the instant response by Applicant, it is respectfully pointed out that some confusion did arise in the transition of prosecution from Examiner to Examiner. However, the previous and instant rejections are comprehensive and properly applied. Hence, the reasons for re-opening prosecution following the filing of Applicant's appeal brief.

## 112 Rejection Maintained

The rejection of claims 5-12 and 27-31 under 35 U.S.C. 112 is MAINTAINED for the reasons set forth in the Office Action mailed 10/3/03, and those found below.

Applicant argues, "it is unclear what is the basis for the examiner's holding of new matter". This argument is not persuasive. The Examiner respectfully directs Applicant to page 286 of Biochemistry by Garret and Grisham. Ceramides are produced by the reaction of sphingosine and fatty alcohols. Increasing the rate of sphingosine production does not inherently increase the rate of ceramide synthesis, as the reaction to form a ceramide requires more reactants than just the sphingosine, i.e., the fatty acid.

### 103 Rejection Maintained

The rejection of claims 5-12 and 27-31 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kurose et al. (Pl 9303217) is MAINTAINED for the reasons set forth in the Office Action mailed 10/3/03, and those found below.

Applicant argues, "Kurose does not teach that 'catechins provide various benefits which as skin softening, skin moisturizing and emolliency'. The only specific recitation of effect which is attributed to catechins alone is anti-oxidant activity (see page 4). The statement made by the

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examiner appears to refer to the extract as a whole". This argument is not persuasive. See for Example, page 8 of Kurose, which teaches "Cosmetic products for skin or hair with the principal function of moisture conservation" comprising "0.1 to 0.5% MTE-1", wherein page 3 of Kurose specifically teaches catechins as members of MTE-1. The Examiner further points out that Applicant's open-ended language does not exclude additional ingredients from the instant composition. For this reason alone, Kurose's teaching of a composition comprising MTE-1 for skin moisturization, meets the limits of the instant claims.

Applicant argues, "There is no indication how much catechins are actually in this 20.3% range and the examiner has not established any factual basis for presuming the ranges claimed by the applicants for their method of use is taught or suggested by Kurose". This argument is not persuasive. First, it is respectfully pointed out that it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. It is respectfully pointed out that Applicant has not established any criticality of the instant ranges or difference between the instant ranges and those of Kurose. Second, it is respectfully pointed out that the catechins taught by Kurose are one of the major constituents of his composition.

Applicant argues, "for both of the decisions cited by the examiner the issue at hand was a comparison of the claimed composition with the prior art compositions, this is not the case here; all of the claims are directed toward method of using claims". This argument is not persuasive. As pointed out in the previous Office Action, applying the same composition in the same effective amount to the skin, results in the same affect, especially since Kurose teaches his method for skin moisturization and the end result of the instant method claims is moisturization

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of the skin. Thus, while not explicitly stated, since the method steps are the same, their effect is the same.

Applicant argues, "such a reversal of positions cannot be explained away by changes in examiners or by changing subject matter within the claims". This argument is not persuasive. First, it is respectfully pointed out that there is nothing unusual, certainly, about an Examiner changing his viewpoint as the prosecution of a case progresses, and, so long as the rules of the Patent Office Practice are duly compiled with, an applicant has no legal complain because of such change in view. In re Ellis, 31 USPQ 380; In re Becker, 40 USPQ 624. Second, for reasons of record, the instant rejection has been applied because the Kurose et al. reference makes the instant invention obvious. Does not Applicant want a valid patent that is free from prior art?

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lauren Q Wells whose telephone number is 571-272-0634. The examiner can normally be reached on M&R (5:30-4).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

lqw

SREENI PADMANABHAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER